

Habitat Preferences and Migration Patterns of Federally-Managed Fish Species

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Goal: Determine presence of coastal species in sand shoal habitats

- Canaveral offshore shoal habitat:
 - Essential Fish Habitat
 - Prominent ridge-swale features and shoal complexes
- Data Gaps:
 - Migratory coastal fish species
 - Movements on local and regional scales
 - Characterization and assessment of habitat value and function



■ Target Species – coastal pelagics

■ Red drum



- Spawn in nearshore/estuarine habitats late summer to fall

■ Finetooth shark



- Migrate seasonally in coastal waters

■ Blacknose shark



- Migrate N in summer and S or offshore in winter

■ Scalloped hammerhead shark

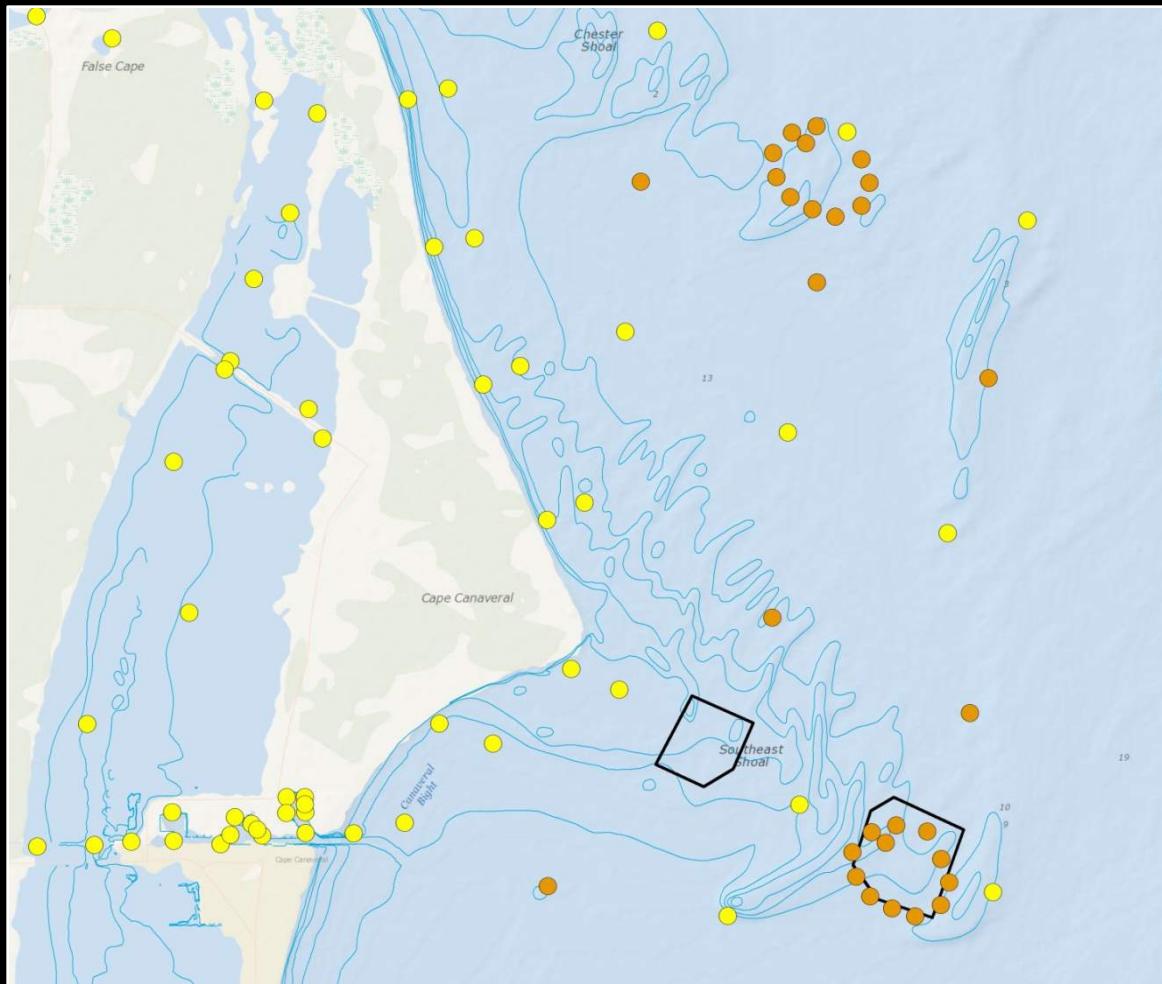


- Canaveral nursery



Methodology: Acoustic telemetry

- Vemco VR2W receivers
 - 57 in Canaveral waters

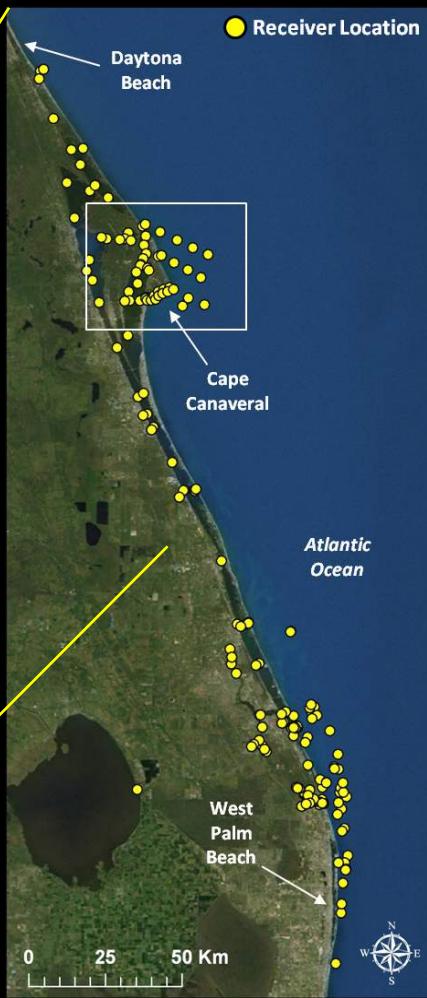
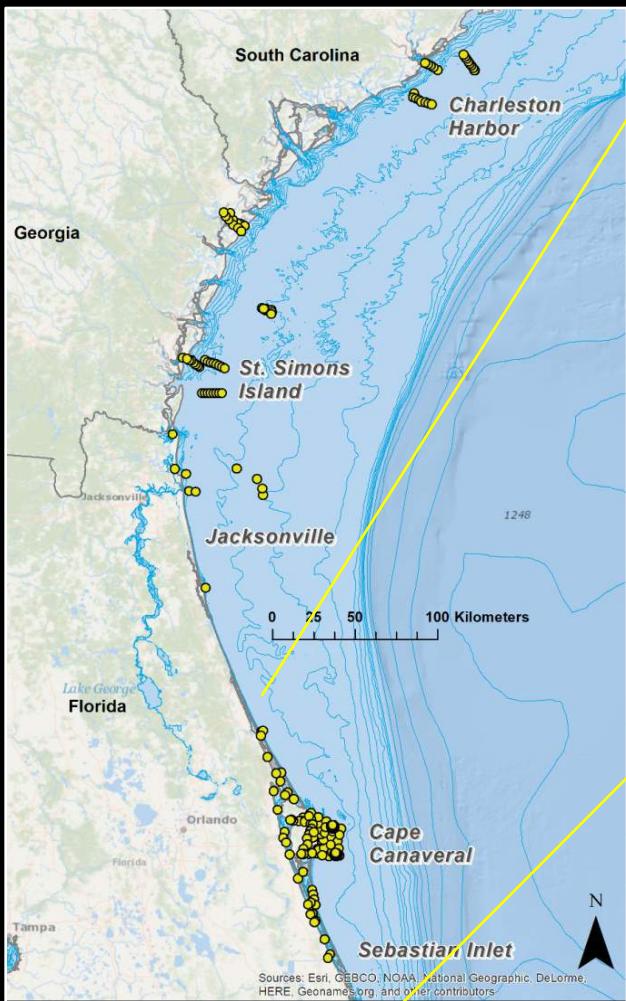


Methodology: Acoustic telemetry

- Vemco V16 tags
 - 90 sec burst interval
 - 5-9.7 yr battery life
- Vemco V13 tags
 - 90 sec burst interval
 - 2.2 yr battery life



Florida Atlantic Coast Telemetry (FACT) and Atlantic Cooperative Telemetry (ACT) arrays: Tracking regional movements

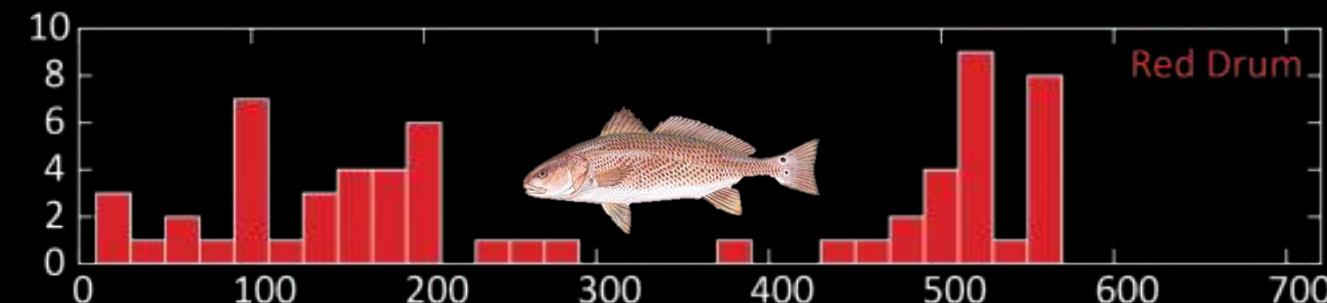


Bimini Biological Field Station
Cape Eleuthera Institute (Bahamas)
Continental Shelf Associates
East Coast Biologists
Florida Atlantic University
Florida Fish & Wildlife Conservation Commission
Florida Institute of Technology
Florida International University
Florida Program for Shark Research
Florida State Museum of Natural History
Florida State University
Georgia Department of Natural Resources
Loxahatchee River District
Pew Institute of Ocean Sciences
Rosenstiel School of Marine and Atmospheric Science
Savannah State University
Shedd Aquarium
South Carolina Dept. of Natural Resources
United States Geological Survey
University of Central Florida
University of Florida
University of Georgia
University of North Florida

Days at Liberty

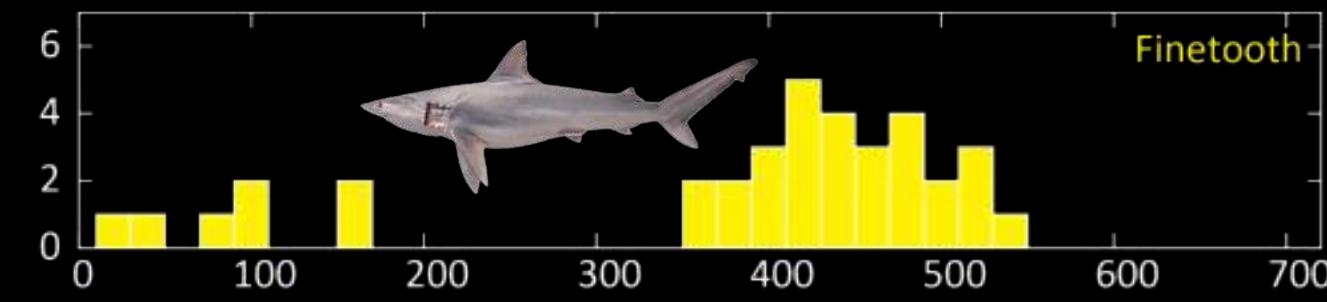
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2015: 19



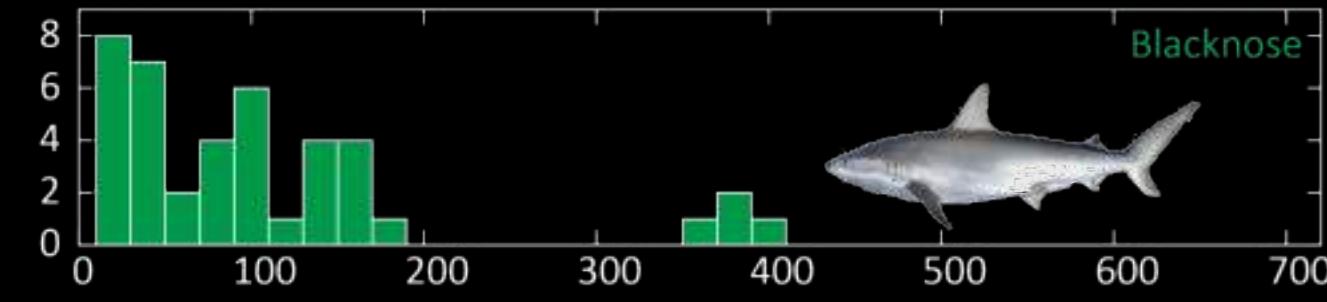
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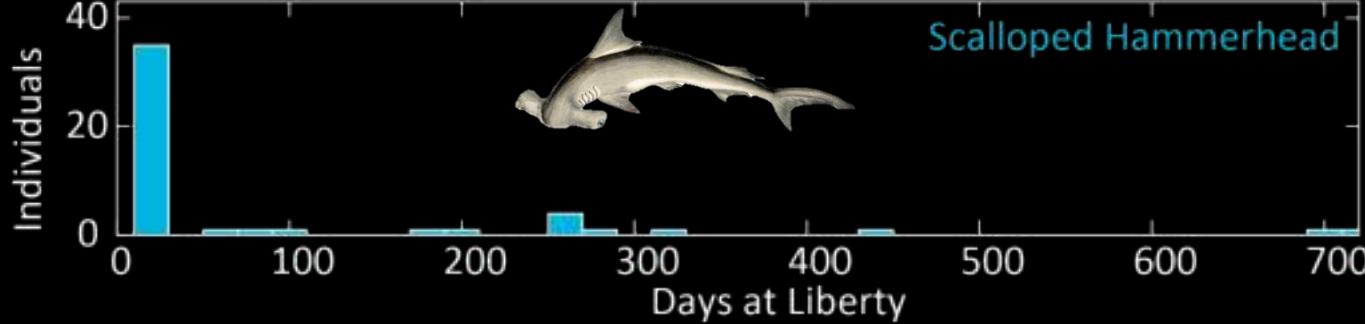
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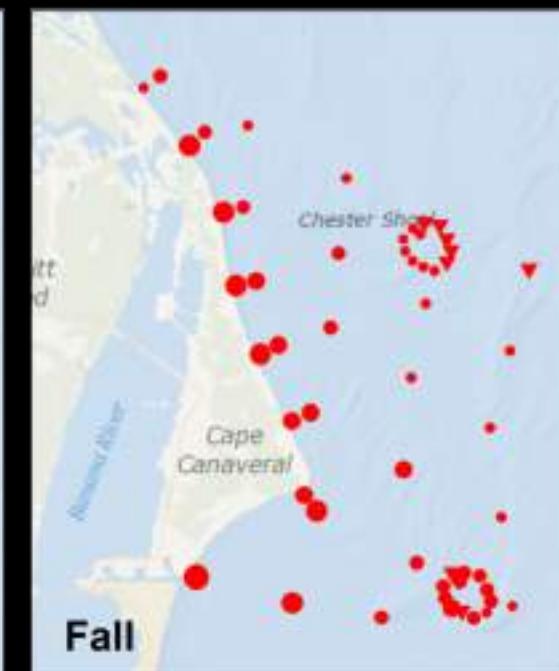
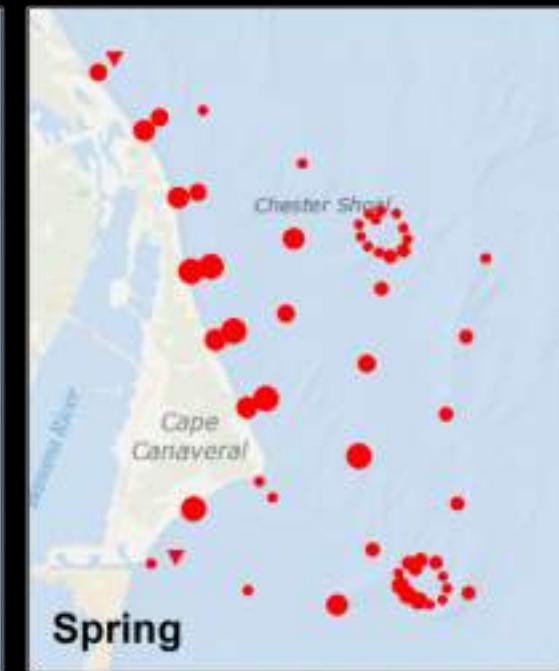
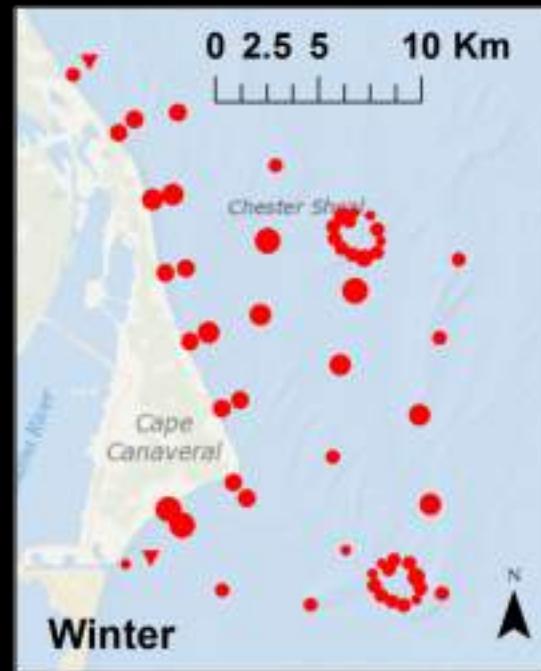


Red Drum

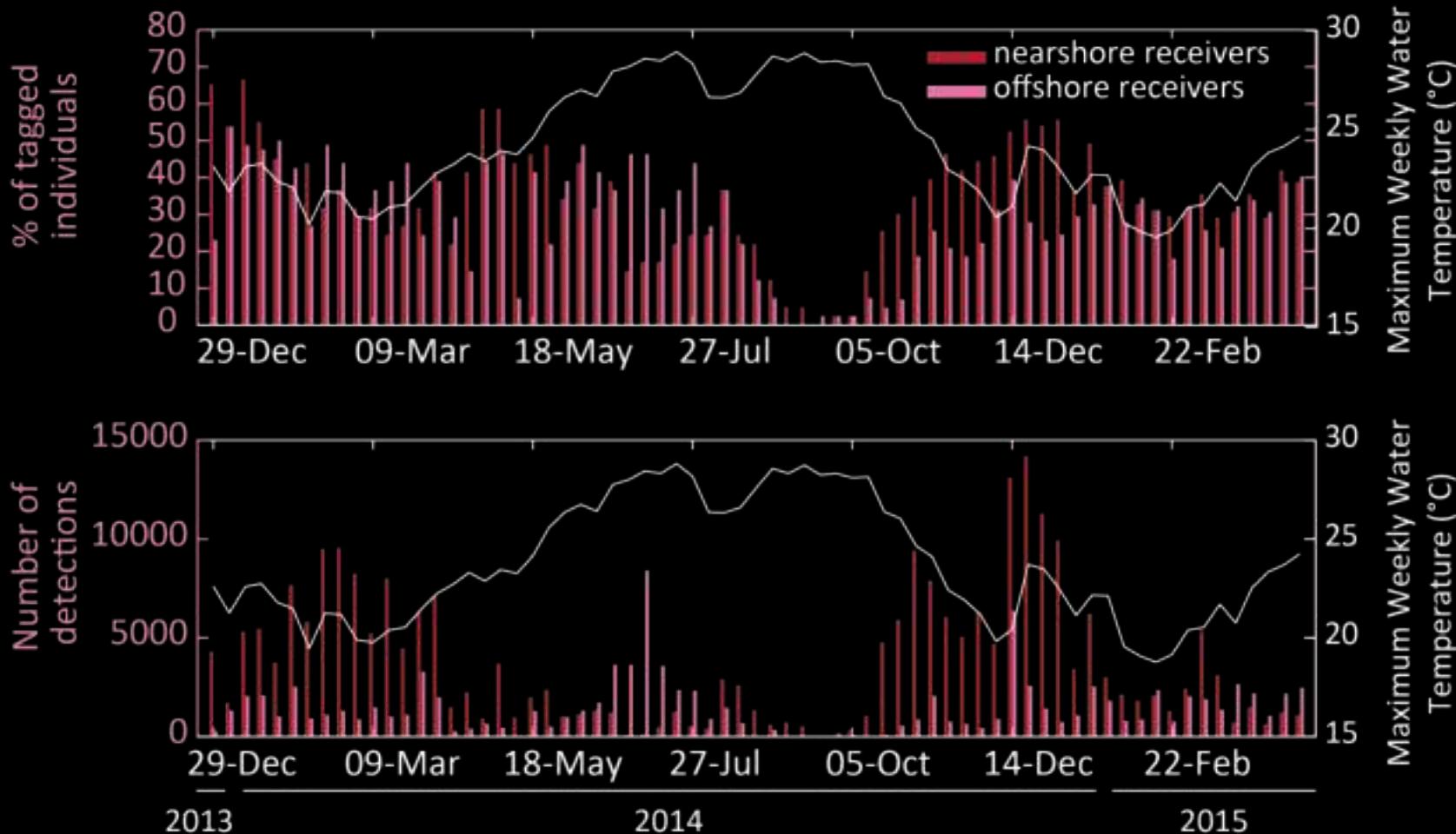


No. Fish Detected

- ▼ 0
- 1 - 3
- 4 - 6
- 7 - 9
- 10 - 12
- 13 - 15



Red Drum



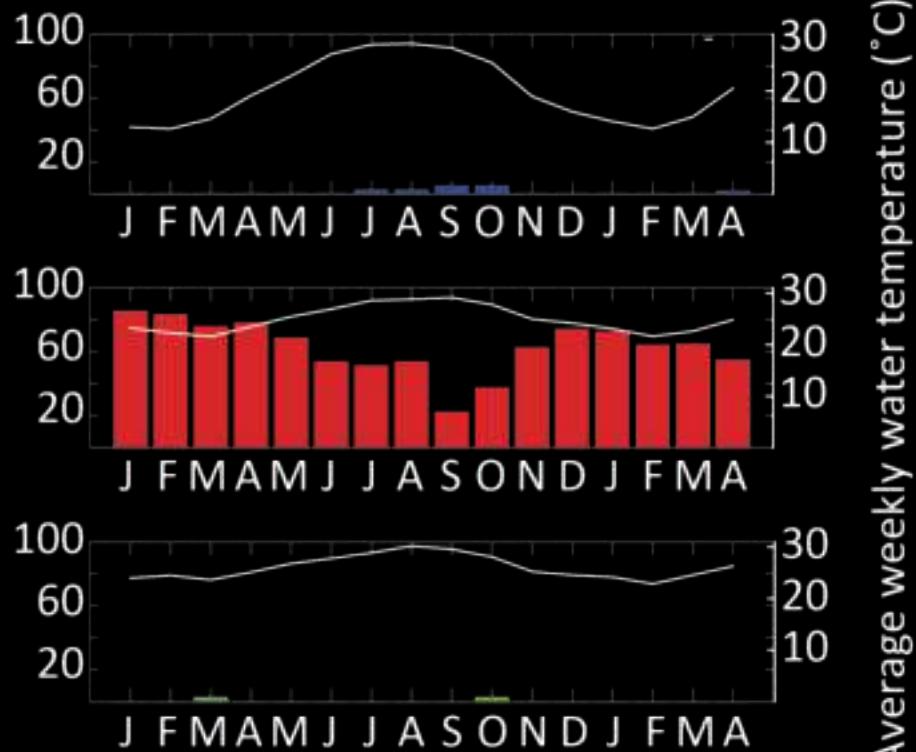
Nearshore: < 1.5 km from shore

Offshore: 1.5-15 km from shore

Red Drum



Percent of tagged individuals



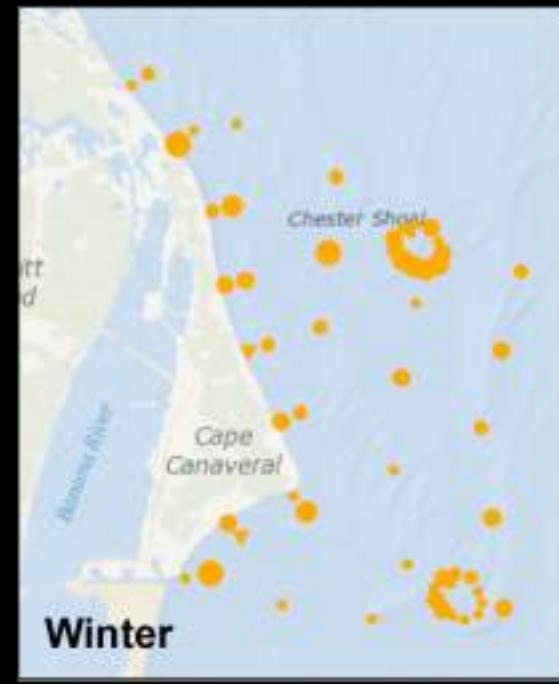
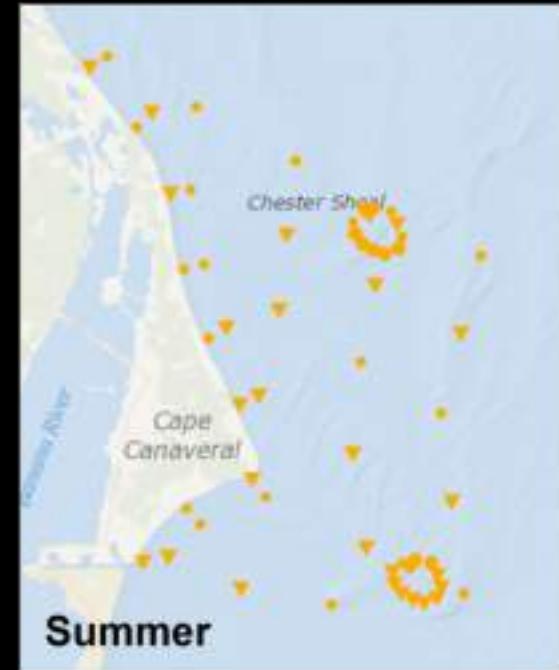
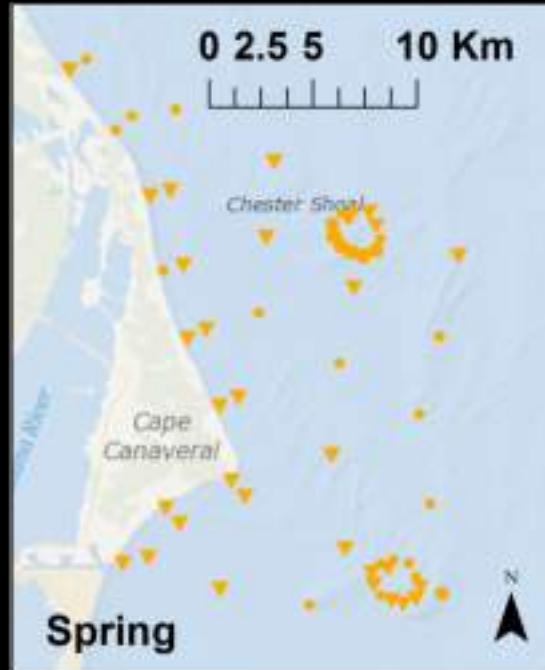
Average weekly water temperature (°C)

Finetooth shark

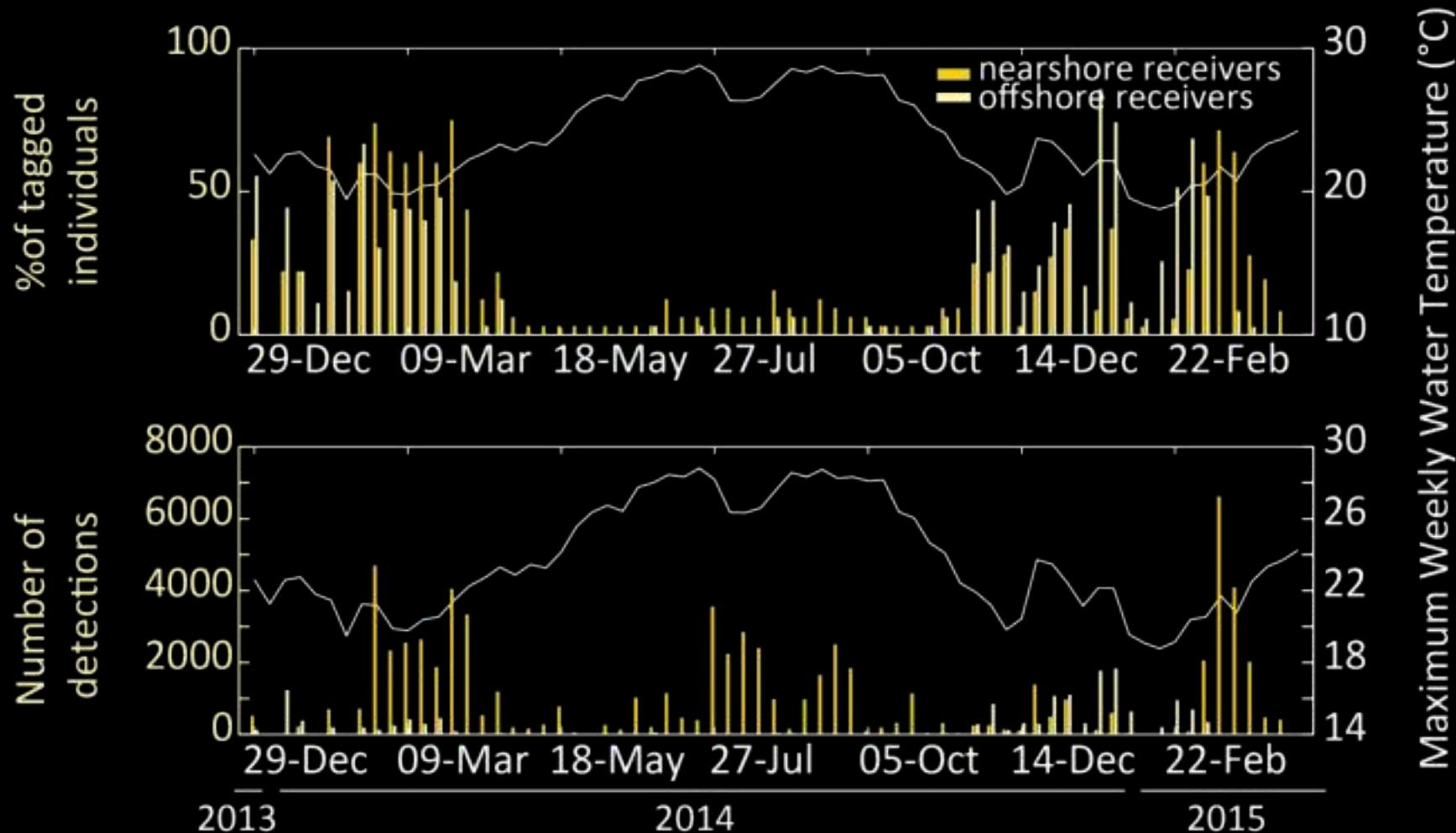


No. Fish Detected

- ▼ 0
- 1 - 3
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- 10 - 12
- 13 - 15



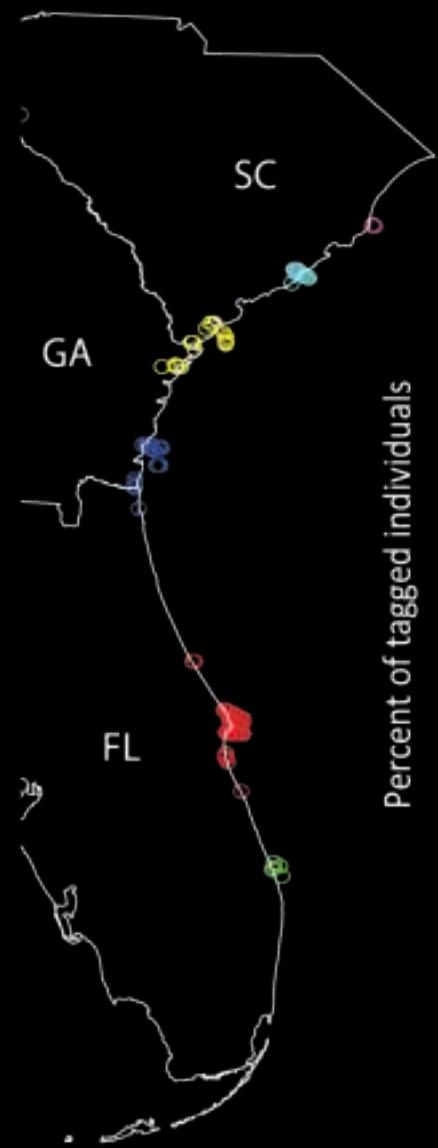
Finetooth shark



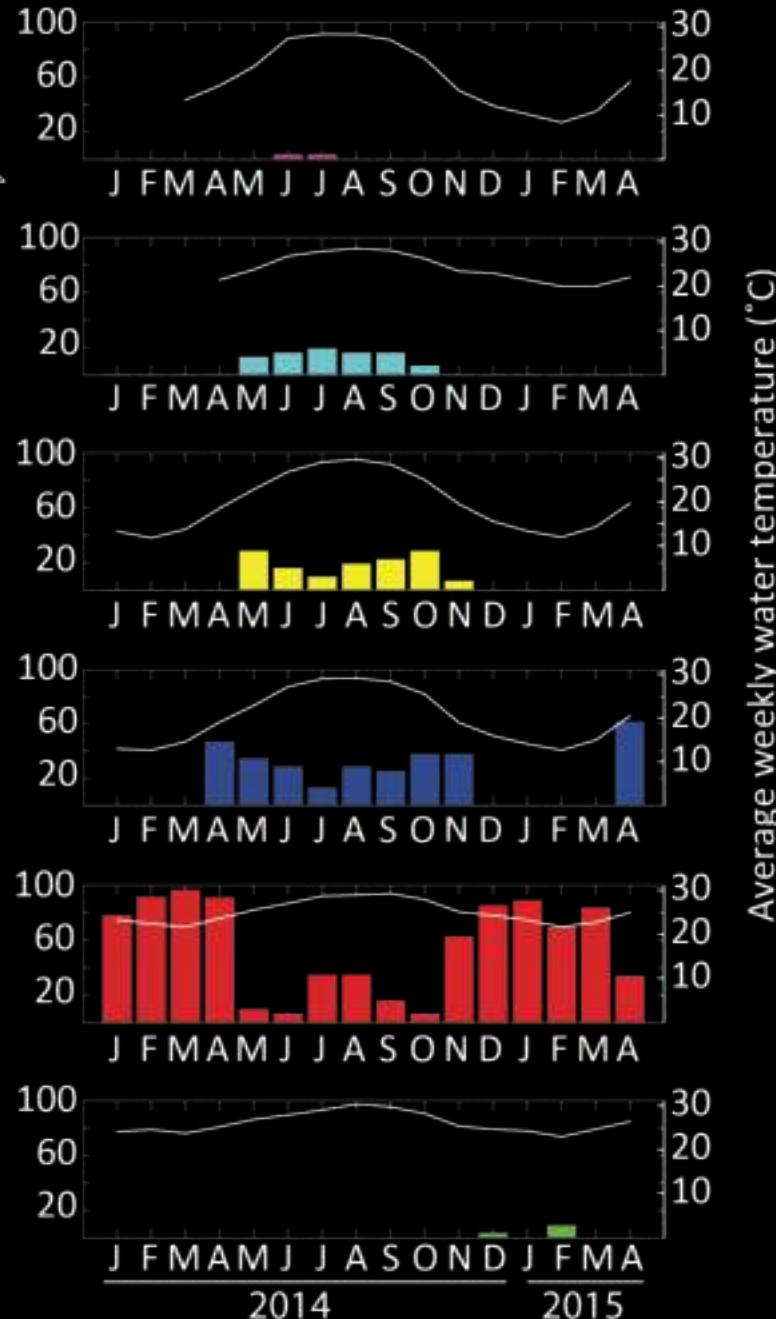
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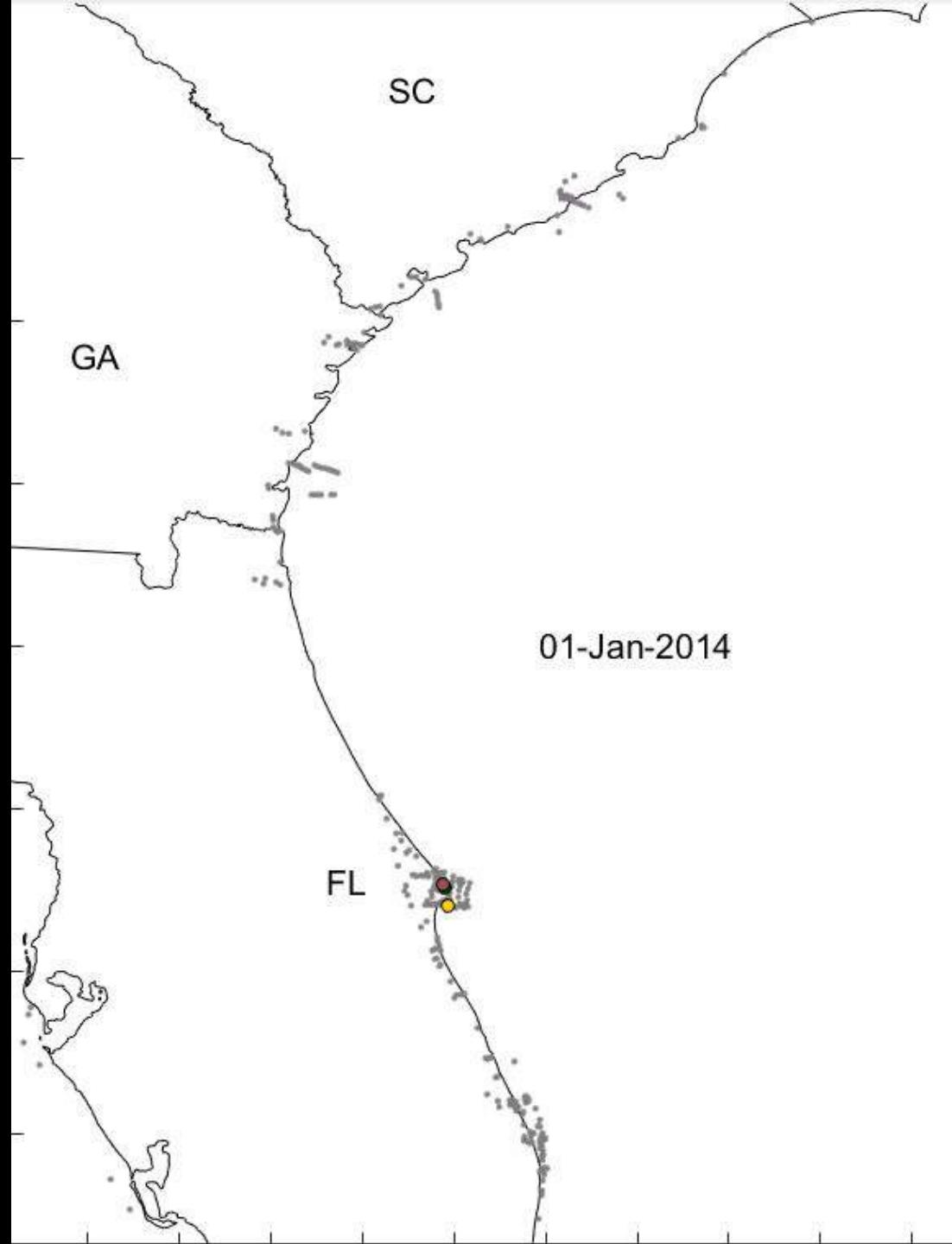
Offshore: 1.5-15 km from shore

Finetooth sharks



Percent of tagged individuals

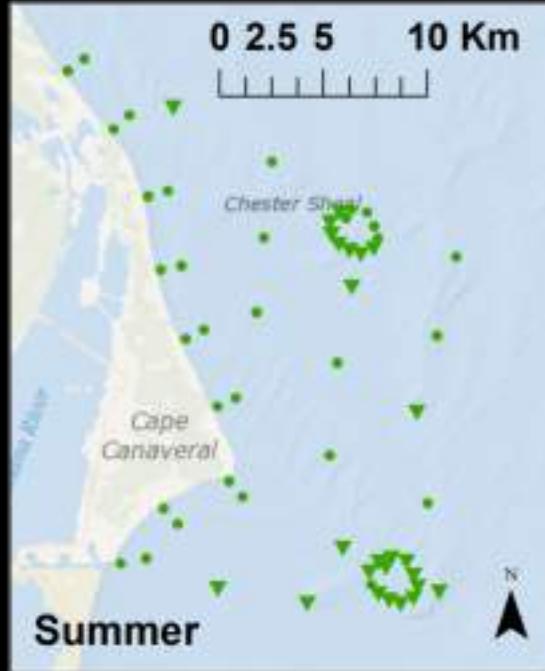




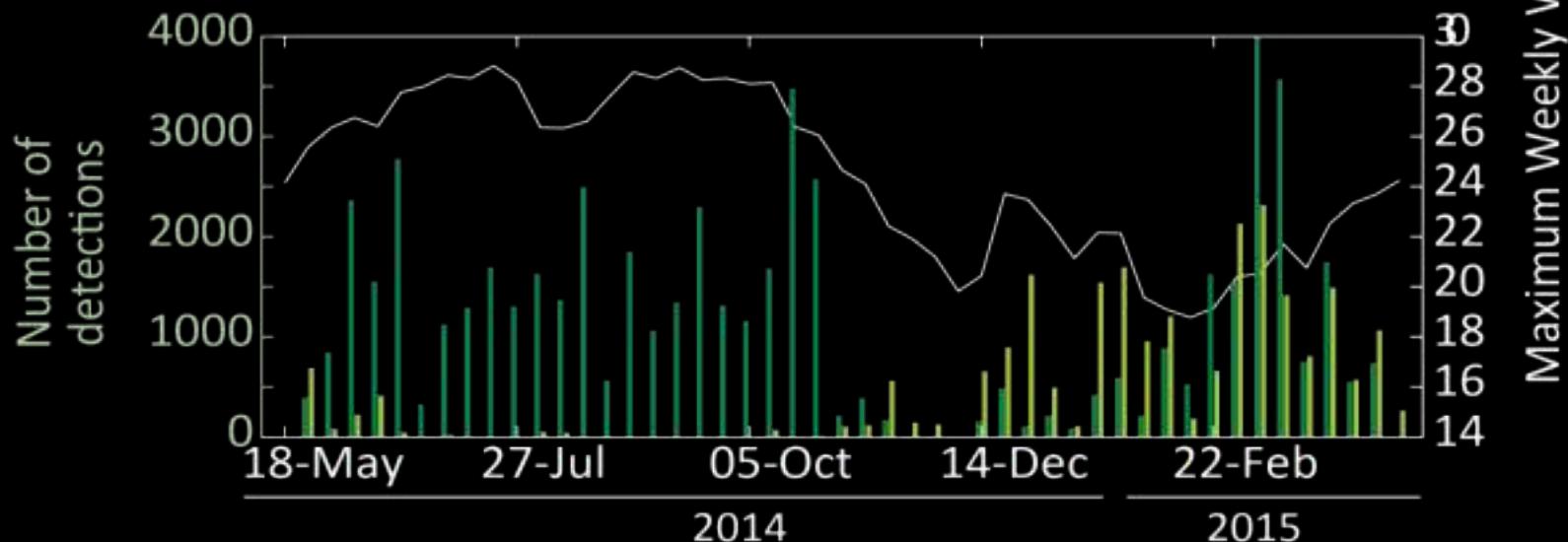
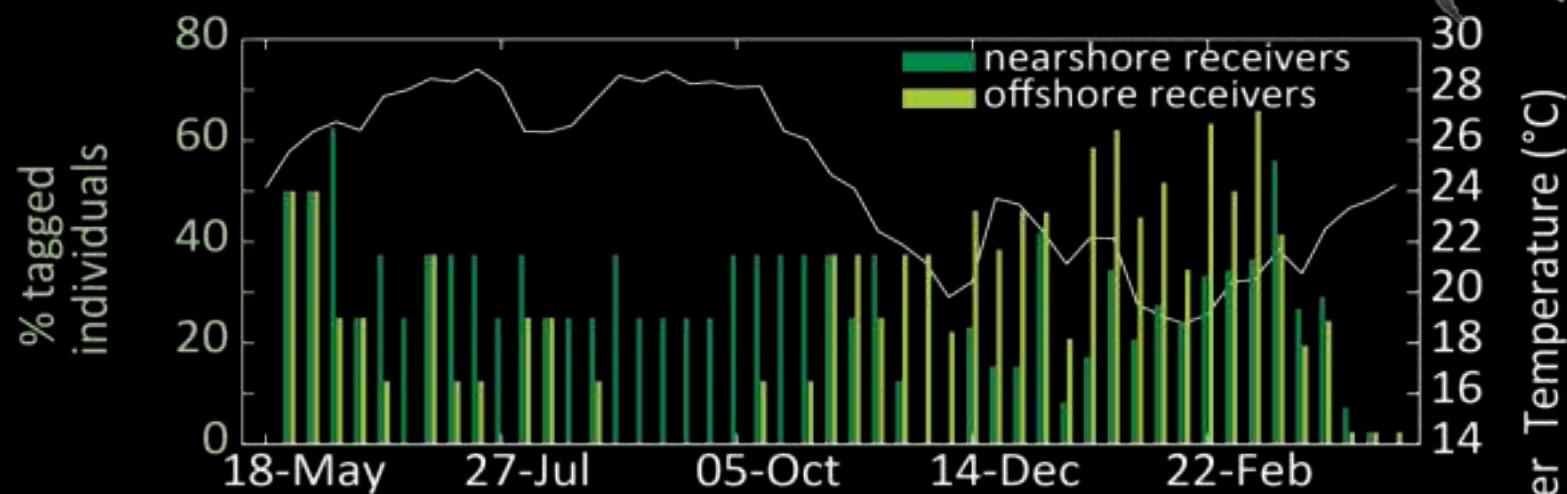
Blacknose shark



No. Fish Detected	●	4 - 6
▼	●	0
●	●	7 - 9
●	●	10 - 12



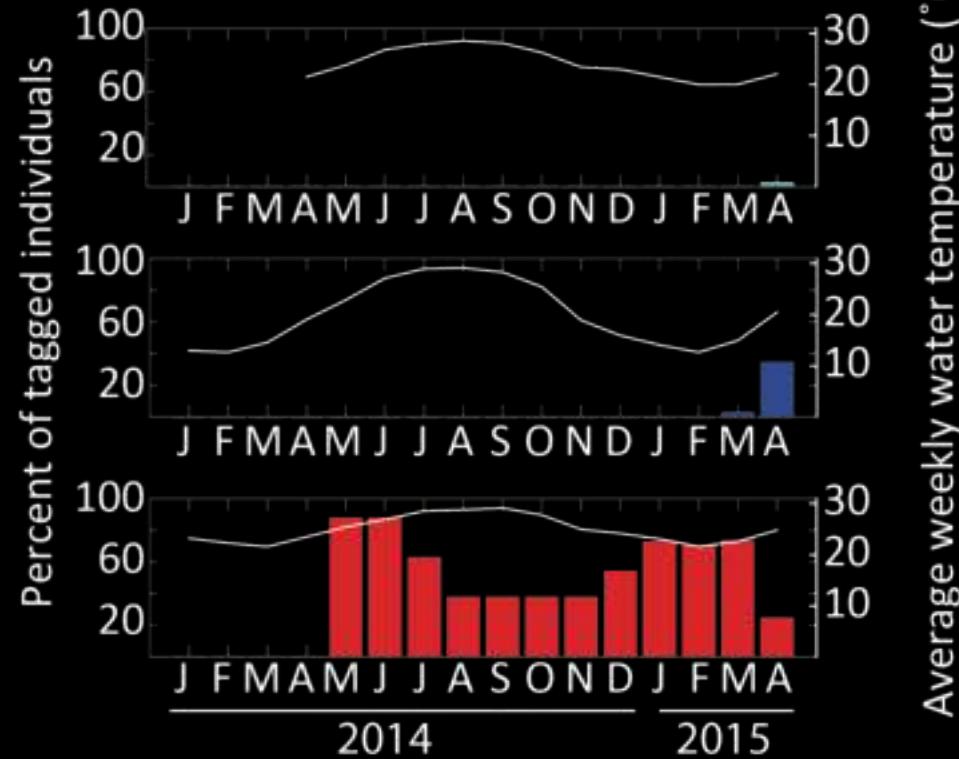
Blacknose shark



Nearshore: < 1.5 km from shore

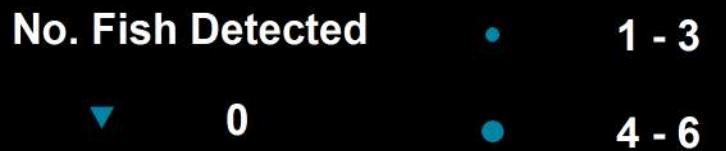
Offshore: 1.5-15 km from shore

Blacknose shark

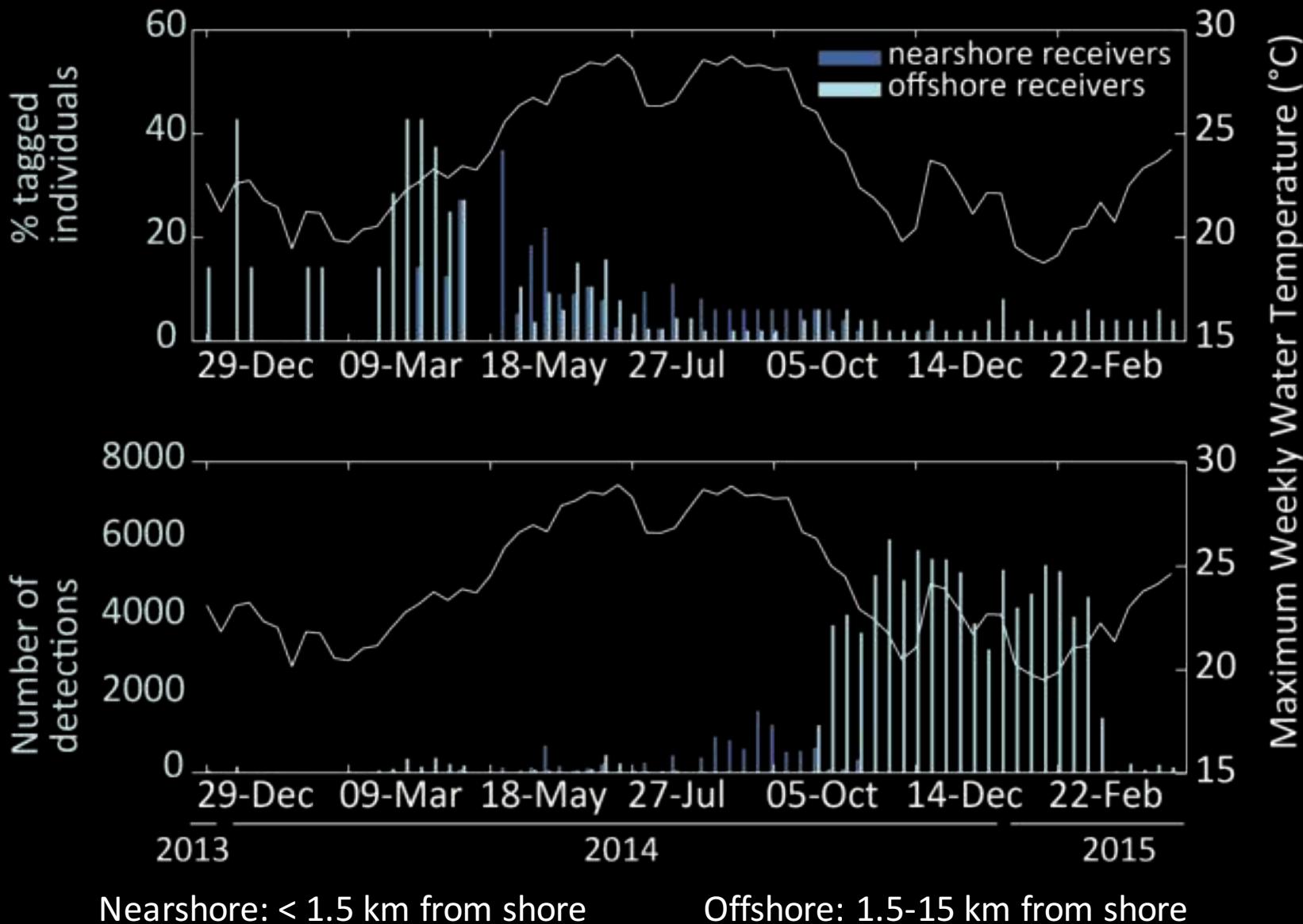


Average weekly water temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Scalloped Hammerhead shark



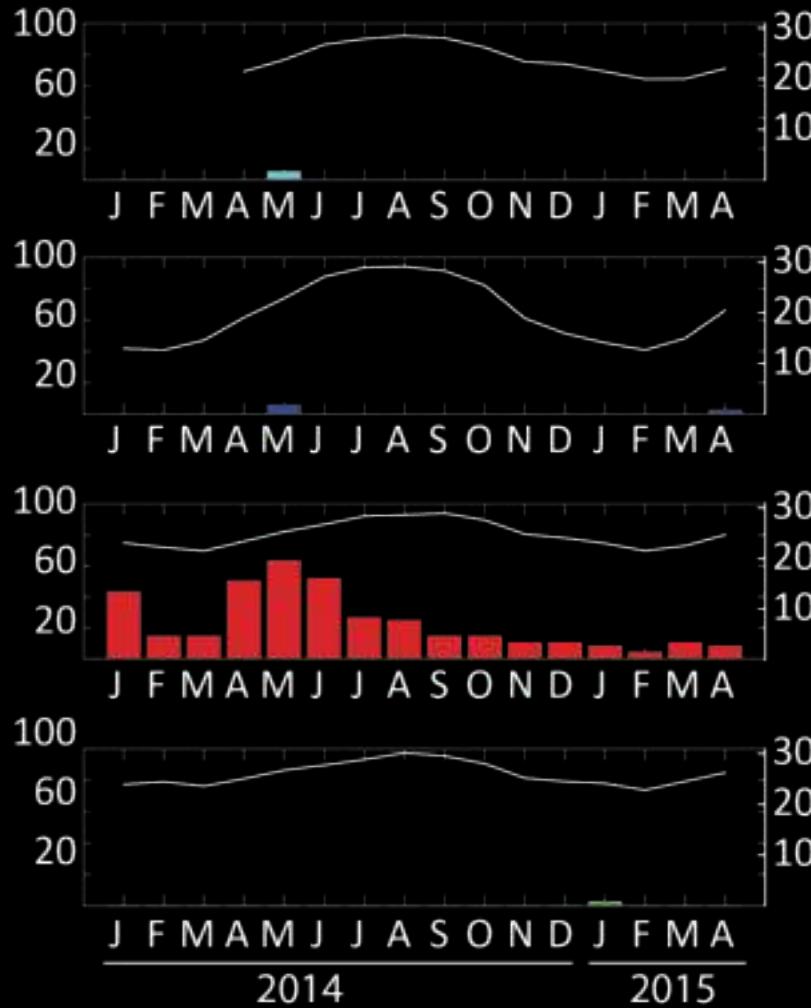
Scalloped hammerhead shark



Scalloped hammerhead shark



Percent of tagged individuals



Average weekly water temperature (°C)

Discussion

- Fish show consistent annual movements
- Red Drum
 - Use variety of water depths (3-20 m)
 - Detection at estuaries in GA
 - Disappearance from Canaveral array coincides with spawning
- Finetooth sharks
 - Spread in movements as temperatures increase
 - Detections in estuaries in GA, SC; none in Canaveral
 - Most move N March – October, some return in July



Discussion

- Blacknose sharks
 - Fewer individuals detected outside of Canaveral
 - Individuals detected outside Canaveral in Spring
 - More consistent year round presence
- Scalloped hammerhead sharks
 - Coastal nursery
 - Highly mobile – likely not shoal associated
 - Subadults may return in spring



Thank you

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Joy Young Florida Fish & Wildlife Conservation Commission
Chris Kalinowsky Georgia Department of Natural Resources
Steve Kessel Bimini Biological Field Station
Lydia Wilson Florida Institute of Technology
Mike Arendt, Elizabeth Miller, Bryan Frazier South Carolina Department of Natural Resources
Mike McCallister University of North Florida

Fish collection and tagging under NMFS Biological Opinion (Permit F/SER/2011/05647) and the State of Florida Special Activity License SAL-12-0512A-SR, and protocols reviewed by KSC Institutional Animal Care & Use Committee (Protocol GRD-06-049)